30.—Populations of Towns and Villages having between 1,000 and 5,000 Inhabitants in 1931, Compared with 1901, 1911 and 1921—concluded.

Town or Village.	1901.	19(1.	1921.	1931.	Town or Village.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1931.
Alberta-concluded.			1		British Columbia				
Vermilion		625			-concluded.				
Lacombe	499				Cranbrook (city)	1,196			
Magrath	424	995	1,069	1.224	Rossland (city)	8,156			
Stettler	_	1,444	1,416		Revelstoke (city)	1,600	3,017	2,782	2,736
Redcliff	-	220.	1, 137		Fernie (city)		3,146	2.802	2,732
Claresholm	-	809	963	1, 156	Prince George (city)	-	-	2.053	2,479
Wainwright	-	788	975	1,147	Chilliwack (city)	277	1,657	1,767	2,461
Beverly	-	_ '	1.039	1, 113	Cumberland (city)	732	1.237	2,161	2.371
Olds	218	917	764	1.056	Port Alberni (city)	_		1.056	2,356
Innisfail	317	602			Duncan (city)	_ !	_	1, 178	
Pincher Creek	335				Ladysmith (city)	746	2.517		
Fort Saskatchewan	306		982		Mission (village)		_,		1.314
	500	•••			Port Coquitlam (city)		_	1.178	
British Columbia.					Grand Forks (city)	1.012	1.577	1.469	
					Merritt (city)	1,012	703	1.389	
Kelowna (city)	261	1.663	2,520	4 858	Port Moody (city)		100	1.030	
Vernon (city)	802		3.685		Courtenay (city)	_	_ i	810	
version (orty),,,,,,,,	802	2,011	0,000	9,994	Courcenay (city)	1		910	1,218

Rural and Urban Farm Populations.—Of the 10,362,833 people who form the population of the nine provinces of Canada, exclusive of the Territories, only 3,289,507 or 31 · 7 p.c. live on farms.

There are 728,623 farms within the nine provinces and, considering the 14,056 farms (see Table 31) which are located within the limits of incorporated cities, towns or villages as "urban", the farm population is classified as 3,224,241 living on rural farms and 65,266 on urban farms. More than one half (50.5 p.c.) of the people on urban farms are in Quebec and only 23.6 p.c. in Ontario. Alberta ranks third with 6.4 p.c. and Nova Scotia fourth with 5.7 p.c. This is in contrast with the distribution on rural farms where 24.4 p.c. are in Ontario, 23.1 in Quebec, 17.4 in Saskatchewan and 11.5 in Alberta; these four provinces therefore have 76.4 p.c. of the rural farm population. The rural and urban farm populations bear a very close relationship to the number of farms of each class in the individual provinces but the distribution of rural farms follows more closely than that of urban farms the distribution of total population (see Table 1). Among the provinces, Quebec has the greatest number of persons per farm on farms of both the rural and urban classes.

Table 31 gives the number of farms and the farm populations, urban and rural, by provinces as recorded at the 1931 census.

31.—Urban and Rural Farm Populations, by Provinces, 1931.

Province.	Farm	s June 1,	1931.	Population June 1, 1931, living on—					
	Total.	Rural.	Urban.	All Farms.	Rural Farms.	Urban Farms.	Persons per Farm.		
	Totan.						All	Rural	Urban
	No.	No.	No	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Prince Edward Island	12,865	12,696 38,629		55,478 177,690	54,963 173,965	515 3,725	4·31 4·50	4 · 32 4 · 50	
Nova Scotia New Brunswick	39,444 34,025	33,646	379	180,214 777,384		1,720 32,967	5.29 5.72	5.30	4 - 53
Quebec Ontario	135,957 192,174	188, 134	4,040	830,960	785,550	15,410	4 - 16	4-17	3-81
Manitoba. Saskatchewan	54,199 136,472	135,826	646	256,305 564,012	561,407	2,003 2,605	4 - 13	4 - 13	4.08
AlbertaBritish Columbia	97,408 26,079			375,097 102,367	370,899 100,244	4,198 2,123	3·95		
Canada	728,623	714,587	14,05\$	3,289,507	3,224,241	65,296	4.51	4 - 51	4.64